

Lower Key Stage 2
Year 1 of 2 Year Cycle
Term 1 (second half)

**Footprints
from the Past**
IPC

Literacy Tree Texts
Year 3
The BFG

Year 4
Varmints

Computing

- use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content

Geography

- physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle
- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied
- locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical characteristics and countries.

Science
Working Scientifically

- asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them
- gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions
- recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables
- reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions
- identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes
- using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.

Rocks
Year 3/4

- compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties
- describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock
- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.

Living Things and their Habitats
Year 4

- recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways
- explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment
- recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.

History
Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

Art

- to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]

RE
Year 3

- Why is remembrance important?
- How do Advent and Epiphany show us what Christmas is really about?

Year 4

- What are the Beatitudes, and what do they mean for Christians?
- Is peace the most important message at Christmas?

Big Question (theological underpinning)
What connects me to others?